University of Iowa Acknowledgment of Land and Sovereignty

The University of Iowa is located on the homelands of the Ojibwe/Anishinaabe (Chippewa), Báxoje (Iowa), Kiikaapoi (Kickapoo), Omāēqnomenēwak (Menominee), Myaamiaki (Miami), Nutachi (Missouri), Umonhon (Omaha), Wahzhazhe (Osage), Jiwere (Otoe), Odawaa (Ottawa), Pónka (Ponca), Bodéwadmi/Neshnabé (Potawatomi), Meskwaki/Nemahahaki/Sakiwaki (Sac and Fox), Dakota/Lakota/Nakoda (Sioux), Sahnish/Nuxbaaga/Nuweta (Three Affiliated Tribes) and Ho-Chunk (Winnebago) Nations. The following tribal nations, Umonhon (Omaha Tribe of Nebraska and Iowa), Pónka (Ponca Tribe of Nebraska), Meskwaki (Sac and Fox of the Mississippi in Iowa), and Ho-Chunk (Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska) Nations continue to thrive in the State of Iowa and we continue to acknowledge them. As an academic institution, it is our responsibility to acknowledge the sovereignty and the traditional territories of these tribal nations, and the treaties that were used to remove these tribal nations, and the histories of dispossession that have allowed for the growth of this institution since 1847. Consistent with the University's commitment to Diversity, Equity and Inclusion, understanding the historical and current experiences of Native peoples will help inform the work we do; collectively as a university to engage in building relationships through academic scholarship, collaborative partnerships, community service, enrollment and retention efforts acknowledging our past, our present and future Native Nations.

Acknowledgment of Land and Sovereignty

- What is a land acknowledgement:
 - A statement that formally recognizes and respects Indigenous Peoples as traditional stewards of this land
- Why do we recognize land? To:
 - Express gratitude to those whose land we reside on
 - Honor Indigeneous people
 - Contend with the history and ongoing effects of colonialism

All information from UIowa Native American Council: Native American Council acknowledgment

For more information:

- Tribal Sovereignty
- Indian Treaties
- Indigenous Land Acknowledgments, Explained
- Native Land Interactive Map
- U.S. Department of Arts and Culture: A Guide and Call to Acknowledgment

Treaties used to remove Indigeneous Peoples from Iowa

- 1. Treaty of St. Louis, November 03, 1804
- 2. Treaty with the Sauk and Fox and Ioway Indians, August 04, 1824
- 3. Treaty of Prairie du Chien, August 19, 1825
- 4. Treaty of Black Hawk Purchase, September 21, 1832
- 5. Treaty with the Sacs and Foxes, September 27, 1836
- 6. Treaty with the Winnebago, November 01, 1837
- 7. Treaty with the Sauk and Fox, October 11, 1842
- 8. Treaty with Potawatomi Nation, June 05 and 17, 1846
- 9. Treaty with the Sioux, August 05, 1851